Introduction (page 85)

1. Explain the difference between immigration and emigration.

2. Compare circulation and migration.

3. Explain how migration affects globalization.

Key Issue #1: Why Do People Migrate? (87)

Before You Read: Give two reasons why you believe people migrate to another country.

BYR:

1. List E. G. Ravenstein’s three main elements of migration.

2. Compare push to pull factors.

3. Name and describe three main types of push and pull factors for migration.
4. Define *intervening obstacle*.

5. Compare internal migration to international migration.

6. List and explain the two types of internal migration.

7. List and explain the two types of international migration.

8. Describe the four stages of Wilbur Zelinsky's migration transition model.

9. What changes did Ravenstein observe about gender and migration?
10. What changes did Ravenstein observe about family status and migration?

11. Why do undocumented residents (illegal immigrants) have little trouble finding jobs in the U.S.?

After you read: In a sentence, write a main idea that answers the key issue question posed.

**Key Issue #2: Where Are Migrants Distributed? (page 90)**

Before you read: In what four states would you guess most immigrants to the U.S. live? Why?

1. Describe three characteristics of global migration patterns.

2. What percentage of the following countries’ populations is made up of immigrants?
   - U.S.
   - Australia
   - Canada
   - United Arab Emirates
   - Kuwait
3. Describe the three main eras of immigration to the U.S.

3a.

3b.

3c.

4. Describe who came to the U.S. and why in each of the three eras:

A. Colonial Immigration (1600s to 1800)

A.

B. Nineteenth Century Immigration

1. First Peak (1840s & 1850s)

B1.

2. Second Peak (1880s)

B2.

3. Third Peak (1890s)

B3.

C. Recent Immigration From LDCs

1. Asian (1970s - )

C1.

2. Latin American (1980s - )

C2.

5. In a sentence, summarize immigration patterns to what is now the current U.S.
6. How did the demographic transition affect Europe’s emigration?

7. Describe the impact of European emigration on world culture.

8a. What is an **undocumented immigrant** and how do they get into the U.S.?

8b.

9a. What is the **BCIS** and how does it stem the flow of illegal immigrants?

9b.

10. Describe the pattern of immigration of Latin Americans to the U.S.

11. What have been the main destinations of recent immigrants into the U.S.?

12. Define **chain migration**.

**After you read:** In a sentence, write a main idea that answers the key issue question posed. **AYR:**
Key Issue #3: Why Do Migrants Face Obstacles? (98)

Before you read: List three obstacles you believe migrants to a new country face.

BYR:

1. What are the two main difficulties faced by migrants to a new country?

   1a.

1b.

2. What was the primary goal of the Quota Act of 1921 and the National Origins Act of 1924?

   2.

3. How did U.S. immigration policy change in 1968?

   3.

4. Who gets preference for legal migration to the U.S.?

   4.

5. How are refugees treated under U.S. law?

   5.

6. Define brain drain.

   6.

7. Compare and contrast guest workers to time-contract workers.

   7.

8. Explain how the U.S. treats people leaving the following locations coming to the U.S.

   a. Cuba:

   8a.
b. Haiti: 8b.
c. Vietnam: 8c.

9. Compare and contrast the U.S. attitude towards immigrants to that of other countries toward their guest workers.

After you read: In a sentence, write a main idea that answers the key issue question posed. AYR:

Key Issue #4: Why Do People Migrate Within a Country? (107)

Before you read: List three reasons why you believe people migrate within a country.

BYR:

1. Name and describe two main types of internal migration. 1a.

2. What is the “center of population gravity?” 2.

3. List three reasons it took so long for the “center of population gravity” to move away from the coast? 3a.


5. What role did the 98th meridian play in the western expansion of the US? 5.
6. State 3 reasons the western movement of the “center of population gravity” slowed after 1880:
   6a.
   6b.
   6c.

7. List the 2 reasons for the movement of people from the North & East to the South & West:
   7a.
   7b.

8. Explain why interregional migration has occurred in 3 countries or areas (e.g. Russia):
   8a.
   8b.
   8c.

9. How does intraregional migration patterns differ between MDCs and LDCs?
   9.

10. What are the attractions of the suburbs over urban areas?
    10.

11. What is **counterurbanization**?
    11.

12. Why is counterurbanization no longer a factor in the USA?
    12.

**After you read:** In a sentence, write a main idea that answers the key issue question posed. **AYR:**